

Create an Effective Fundraising Plan

CompassPoint Nonprofit Services

Presenter: Steve Lew

About Steve Lew

Steve Lew is a Senior Projects Director for CompassPoint Nonprofit Services and has worked with nonprofit organizations as a consultant, trainer and fundraising coach over the last eleven years. Steve is director of the Fundraising Academy for Communities of Color, and has directed other key capacity building initiatives for CompassPoint. He has previously led and managed nonprofit organizations as an Executive Director of the Asian & Pacific Islander Wellness Center in San Francisco, and as Development Director of CompassPoint. Steve recently served as Board Chair of the Grassroots Institute for Fundraising Training (GIFT).

Stevel@Compasspoint.org

About CompassPoint

CompassPoint intensifies the impact of fellow nonprofit leaders, organizations, and networks as we achieve social equity together.

We believe that nonprofit organizations and leaders need relevant support that builds on their strengths, experiences, and achievements and that those individuals and organizations that invest in increasing their leadership and management capacities are better poised to achieve progress.

web: www.compasspoint.org

Disclaimer

All material is provided without any warranty whatsoever, including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. Any names of people or companies listed in this book or in its companion computer files are fictitious unless otherwise noted.

Copyright

© 2015 CompassPoint Nonprofit Services unless otherwise indicated. All rights reserved. This publication, including any companion computer disk, or any component part thereof, may not be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, storage in an information retrieval system, or otherwise, without the prior written permission CompassPoint, 500 12th Street, Suite 320, Oakland, CA 94607, 415-541-9000 or the author.

Introduction

Goals: What You Will Learn

This is an introductory course for those who are new to nonprofits or new to the development function. It is ideal for board members and volunteers as well as staff or those interested in a new career in fundraising or nonprofits.

By the end of the day, you should have an understanding of:

- The importance of a diversified funding base
- Conducting an assets inventory
- Identifying funding opportunities
- The role of a fundraising team in creating the plan
- Setting realistic development goals
- Preparing your development plan & calendar

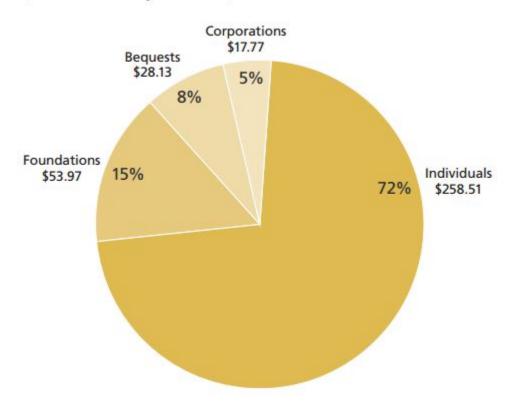
Why Plan?

- Limit crisis fundraising, increases flexibility
- Planning for diversity brings in more opportunities
- Increase board & volunteer involvement
- Integrate fund development with other program activities & plans
- Most productive use of everyone's time

Where's the Money?

Contributed income from corporations, foundations and individuals comprises approximately 20% of all income in the nonprofit sector. Of that 20%, donations from individuals consistently make up the largest share of contributions- more than foundations and corporations combined.

2014 contributions: \$358.38 billion by source (in billions of dollars - all figures are rounded)



Other Sources of Nonprofit Income:

- Government Contracts 30%
- Earned Income 30%
- Unrelated Business Income 20%

Where is the Money? How does the Money come?

Sources	Benefits	"But"
Public	 Will provide "base support" for ongoing services and some projects in community Can be more consistent funding than foundations, often multi year 	 Expect to see quantifiable service outcomes, all costs unitized per # of services negotiated in contracts; typically an insufficient "indirect rate" to cover admin costs. Need line of credit or cash reserve to withstand cash flow problems
Foundation	 Will support infrastructure investments in projects (such as capitol, administration, and fund development). Make 2-4 year "investments" in organizations and community causes. Community Foundations often "seed" promising organizations and projects. 	 Unless you reach 'institutional status" do not expect annual funding for continuing programs. Winning a new foundation grant can take more than a year to cultivate, propose, and be awarded. Each foundation is 'uniquely personal'.
Corporate Giving and Public Affairs	 Will give money for events that can typically be used as unrestricted support. Will underwrite certain costs of a project (i.e., computers) 	 Need to demonstrate a base of support or reaching an audience that matches corporate marketing goals. Sponsorship gifts are usually below \$5,000 unless you are a major institution. Donation cycles can be erratic
Individual donors	 Typically unrestricted support Can provide sustaining gifts at increasingly larger amounts 	 Requires ongoing training of staff and board members for solicitations Requires significant investment of time and \$ to cultivate strong donor base Major donors need to see track record.
Annual events	 When successful, they bring in significant amount of unrestricted \$ Excellent opportunity for identifying and cultivating prospective donors Volunteer opportunity 	 Can often make minimal profit (should have a business plan) Highly staff and volunteer intensive May undercut the gift levels of some donors.
Earned Income	 Can become a steady ongoing revenue source Often strengthens fundraising position with other sources. Can strengthen client and donor relationship with organization 	 May require extensive business planning May overtake the mission or primary programs of the organization Usually requires up-front commitment of capital, and staff time.

S. Lew, CompassPoint Nonprofit Services, 2014

Recap: Why Diversify?

- Reduces dependency on single source
- Allows for continuation of services when the economy or other circumstances closes off or reduces one type of funding
- Funders like to see a diversified base
- Increases opportunities
- Sustainability

"Diversity means that you have as many people as you can coordinate, raising money from as many sources as you can manage". - Kim Klein

How many types of income does your organization have?

Who else and what else would you need in order to pursue a new type of income?

Steps to Creating the Fundraising Plan

1. Assemble a planning team

2. Identify the assets and strengths

3.	Brainstorm, then prioritize funding opportunities
4.	Evaluate fundraising strategies
5.	Set financial and fundraising goals
6.	Calendar and write it up!
	Your Fund Dovolonment Team
	Your Fund Development Team
	Who do you need on your team for planning?
	•
	•
	•
	•
	Who Else Should Be Involved?
	Executive Director
	Development Director
	Board Chair or President
	Board Fund Development Committee
	Program staff
	Outside volunteers with experience or connections
	• Other?

Your Assets Inventory

What Do We Mean by Assets?

- Evidence of your organization's skills, experience, and expertise
 - Background of your staff & board
 - o Track record of your success
 - o Trust of the community and community leaders
- What attributes make your agency attractive to funders?
 - o Actions/services only you provide, communities/clients only you reach
 - o History of providing service in the community
 - o Innovative ideas or new approaches

Finding Your Assets

With your Fund Development Team, assess the strengths of your:

- Program(s)
- Staff
- Board of Directors
- Volunteers
 - o Money follows involvement: 90% of volunteers give
- Organizational structure and administration
- Funding base
- Community connections
- Clients/customers/audience
- Media accessibility and reputation
- Other? (site, publications, name, etc.) ___

List '	Your	Orgai	nization	al Assets:
--------	------	-------	----------	------------

•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
-	
•	

Several of these assets will help strengthen your case for support

Your Case for Support Statement

The Case Statement Is:

- A compelling argument to support your organization/program(s)
- An internal document.
- o Cut and paste from case statement in writing proposals, speeches, publicity, etc.
- 2- 10 pages long.
- Written with passion and sense of importance that you bring to the issue

Elements of the Case Statement (From Fundraising for Social Change, Kim Klein)

Section	It Establishes	
Mission	Why your group exists	
Goals	What it will do about why it exists	
Objectives How it will accomplish the goals		
History	Its credibility, showing which objectives have been	
	accomplished already	
Structure	Who is involved, aligning the personnel with the goals	
Fundraising Plan	That the organization has a number of appropriate	
	income streams that will enable it to fulfill the mission	
Budget	That salaries, benefits, rent and other costs are consistent	
	with the mission and that the group knows how much it	
	will cost to do the job it has set out to do.	

The 'elevator pitch'

"We believe that..."

"We address this by..."

Does your organization have a case statement and 'elevator pitch'?

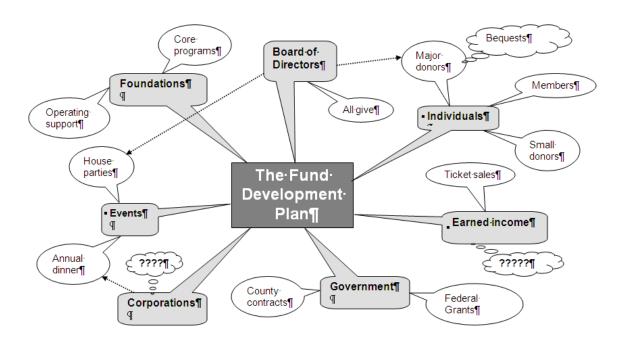
- 15 Tips for an Excellent Problem Statement- Grassroots Fundraising Journal, article archive
- **Polishing Up Your Case Statement and Putting It to Use** Grassroots Fundraising Journal, article archive

A World of Funding Opportunities

Mapping The Known Universe

- Gather your Fund Development Team
- Supplies:
 - o Room with large white board or chalk board
 - Supply of different color markers
- Procedure:
 - Place your organization at the center of the map
 - o First, identify where your funding has been coming from
 - Start with broad areas, then move out to specifics
 - Next, brainstorm new ideas
 - All ideas are listed no editing yet!
 - o Finally, prioritize which efforts will have the best payoff

The map that you will create will end up looking something like this:



Ken Goldstein, Goldstein Consulting

Exercise: Map Out Your Funding Opportunities

- 1. Place your organization at the center of the map
- 2. First, identify where your funding has been coming from- start with income type (foundation, gov't, sales, individuals, corporations, etc) then move out to specific sources
- 3. Now mark which specific sources will continue with certainty, which need to be renewed, and which sources will go away (by when). It's best to have this information ready and mapped out for your first team meeting.

Our organization

Discuss the Map Together

Identifying Gaps

- Attach dollar amounts to the current funders
- Are those amounts meeting current needs?
- Will they continue to meet your needs in the future?
- Is it realistic to expect larger amounts from the current sources?
- What do you know is changing (going away, needing renewal)?

Brainstorm

- What were our biggest successes?
- What were our biggest challenges?
- What can we do to build upon success?
- What's a really different approach or perspective?

Prioritizing Ideas

What criteria will you use to make your choices? Here are a few ideas to start with:

- Potential payoff, financially
- Potential to build new relationships
- Investment required (staff, volunteers, and money)
- Targeted audience
- Matching to your needs

Use the Funding Source Matrix to

Not simply a list of the all the funding sources, but a chart to guide you making the best decisions

- List the largest funding categories first
- List each of the specific ideas under the proper category
- Put a mark by those items already in use
- Use a rating system to evaluate which ideas to pursue

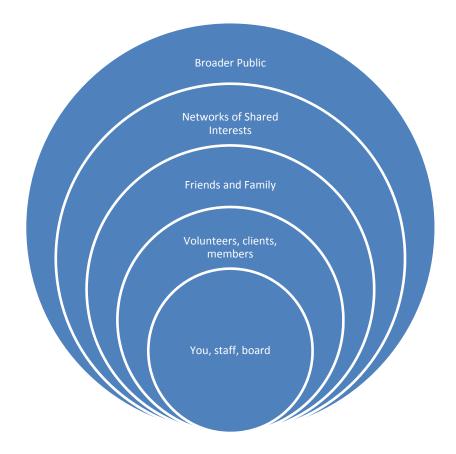
The next pages demonstrate a stripped down sample matrix: Just like with the map, your matrix will be different than this example.

Matrix for Funding Source Planning

		In	Possibility		
		Use	\uparrow	\Leftrightarrow	$ \downarrow \downarrow $
Indi	ividuals				
	Memberships				
	Direct mail campaign				
	Events				
	Cultivating major donors				
	Planned giving				
	Volunteer opportunities				
	Board Giving				
	Other:				
	Other:				
Fou	ndations				
	Large/national foundations				
	Regional foundations				
	Family and community foundations				
	Corporate-based foundations				
	Donor Advised Funds				
	Other:				
Cor	porate / Business				
	Corporate giving (grants) programs				

In-kind gifts programs		
Sponsorships		
Retail		
Other:		
Other:		
Government		
Federal grants		
State grants		
Local grants		
Contracts		
Other/Miscellaneous		
Earned income (specify):		
Religious institutions		
United Way & other federated		
Kiwanis, Lions, Professional groups		
Labor unions		
Other:		
Other:		
Other:		

Who is Included in a Broad Base of Support?



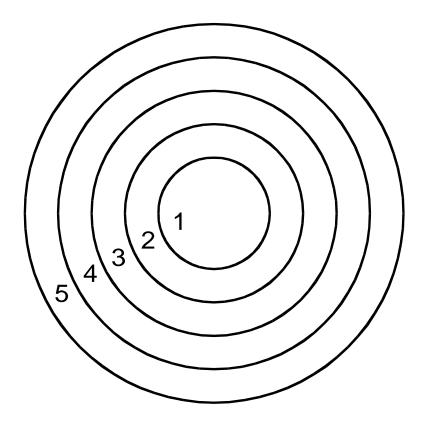
2. How many volunteers do you work with?	2.	How many	volunteers	do v	you work with?	
---	----	----------	------------	------	----------------	--

- 3. On average, how many personal contacts will each person be able to submit email or mail information to your cultivation/asking list?
- 4. Add #1 & #2, and multiply this total by #3

You can reach many prospective donors by creating and updating your list each year. It takes time and education to source names and contact information each year- name this as an activity in your plan.

Other ways of generating new names are mounting fundraising pages, creating online petitions, trading mailing lists, holding contests or raffles that motivate people to share their information and consent to receive a follow up communication.

Identifying Prospects: Where to Begin?



- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

Putting you, your staff and board members in circle 1, friends, family and colleagues in circle 2, name other "types" who should be reached in circles 3,4 & 5.

WHO is in the Fundraising Plan?

Staff Roles in Fundraising

- Supplies names, contact info of prospective supporters
- Conducts the research on foundations, groups, individuals
- Prepares fundraising materials, proposal
- Manages the timelines
- Produces thank you letters, grant reports

Board Roles in Fundraising

- Supplying names, contact info of prospective supporters
- Cultivates and asks an agreed upon number of people
- Volunteers for events
- Opens doors to business and foundations
 - Making sure the agency is solvent and sustainable is a major responsibility of the board of directors: It's part of governance

Having a Board Fund Development Committee:

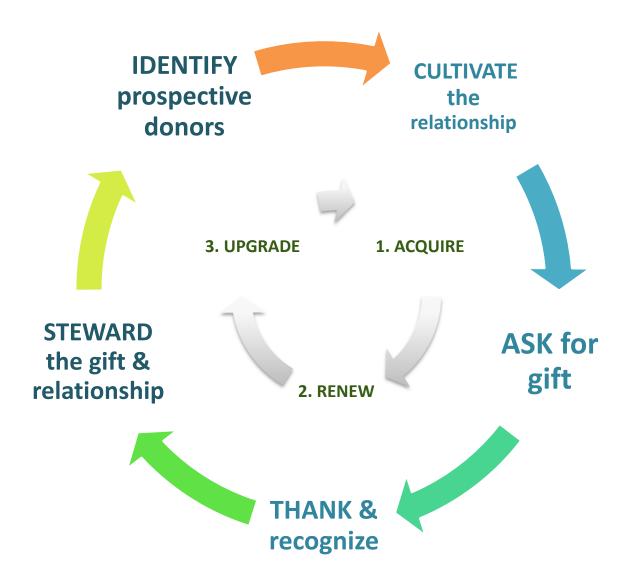
- Organizes the board members on board specific duties
- Helps staff to maintain board participation and accountability
- Keeps the fundraising work on the board radar: marks success & challenges

The Development Cycle & Annual Fundraising

Your fund development activities will have distinct objectives and outcomes for:

- 1. Newly acquired donors welcome & introduce retain 20–35%, lose 80-65%
- 2. Annual donors engage & renew retain 50–75%, lose 50–25%
- 3. Frequent donors involve and ask for additional gifts
- 4. Give through events- encourage sponsorship & table captains
- 5. Other donor preferences- note and honor requests

Retention rates from: 2014 Fundraising Effectiveness Project; Blackbaud white paper 2013



Response rates for different strategies (recent benchmarks)

• Direct mail to acquire new donors bulk: 0.5 – 1%

• Email fundraising message: 0.05- 0.10%

• Direct mail to renew an annual gift from current donors: 6 – 12%

• Multi channel to renew annual gift from current donors: 15 – 20%

• Personal calling: 25%

• Face to face asking: 50%

Source: Grassroots Fundraising Journal, NTEN/M+R Benchmark study 2015. For loads more stats and cool infographics on online giving and advocacy: www.mrbenchmarks.com

Want to get better results?

Track your response rates each ask, each year.

of gifts / # of people asked = response rate

of annual donors who gave in 2014 who gave again in 2015 = retention rate

Total dollars raised _____in 2013 ____ in 2014 ____in 2015

Average gift amount ____ in 2013 ___ in 2014 ___ in 2015

What if we don't have a donor management software system?

Download: Consumers Guide to Donor Management Systems, 2013 www.idealware.org/reports

Setting Goals

Be Realistic!

- Based on your track record of previous years and current trends
- Discount grants applied for by chance of getting
- No across the board increases without data

Set Goals for Foundation funding

Foundation Type		Status	Request	Likelihood
X Community Renew general		Program officer invited at 50k –	50 k	90%
Foundation	support	submitted proposal		
Chinn Family Fund	New program	We qualify; and they accepted our	25k	25%
	support	brief letter of intent		
Corporate Fdn	New program	Meet their general guidelines, cannot	15k	10%
	support	reach anyone		
Fiery Exciting	Capacity building	Invited proposal, will be approved at	20k	90%
Funder	grant	staff level		

Set Goals for Donor Development

Strategy	Goal	Audience	Description
Acquire new donors via	45 new donors,	1 new school network,	Small events hosted by board
3 house gatherings	\$3,000	friends of 2 new board	members- need to invite at
		members	least 90 new people
Renew current donors	350 small gifts	House donor list plus any	May appeal and November
through two campaigns	\$35,000	new lists generated	appeal using mail, email and
	40 major gifts		calling 50% of our list.
	\$40,000		Volunteer phone bank
Upgrade donors	33 new sustainers	Current donors who are	Special appeal with phone call
through monthly	average \$300/year =	giving >\$75 for more than	from Mgmt Team in January
sustainer program	\$10,000	2 years	
Acquire younger donors	80 new donors	Friends, family of program	Create contest among
through online	average \$20 =	participants	program participants to create
campaign	\$1,600		pages on FirstGiving with their
			story and goal to raise \$100 +
Culture of philanthropy	Most people in our	8 current and 2 new board	Train all staff and board along
& Fundraising:	organization will	members; 15 staff, 10	with 10 volunteers to invite
Encourage everyone to	reach out to friends,	volunteers	their contacts and ask for an
support & to invite	family contacts during		annual gift. Each donor will
support from others.	two campaigns.		get a thank you call along with
			the TY letter.

Set Your Goals

- Based on your track record of previous years and current communication with source & trends that are relevant to your field.
- Discount grants applied for by chance of getting
- No across the board increases without data

Set Goals for Foundation funding

Type of grant	Status	Request	Likelihood
	Type of grant	Type of grant Status	Type of grant Status Request

Set Goals for Donor Development

Strategy	Goal	Audience	Description
Acquire new donors			
Renew current donors			
Upgrade donors			
Other			

Sample Fundraising Plan – Community Organizing Group

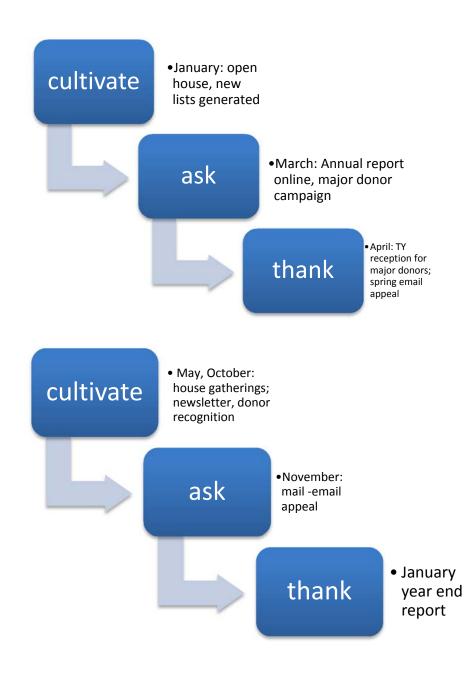
This development plan enables us to gather the resources (\$300,000) to build the grassroots fundraising capacity of our years' work. Our goals:

- 1. Raise enough money to support programs and operations and improve them.
- 2. Raise enough money to provide funds for ongoing organizational development, strategic planning, communications and outreach, and professional development.
- 3. Improve our organizational structure for fundraising, including streamlining processes, increased donor communication, strengthening major donor work, integrating fundraising more with programs, and building a stronger fundraising team which includes increasing board involvement.

INCOME CATEGORY	STRATEGY	GOAL	COST	2011 ACTUALS	2010 COMPARE	WHEN	WHO	STATUS
donations \$57,000	Major gifts 1. Provide materials 2. Set up call 3. Check-in calls 4. Celebration	\$35,000 from 30 donors >\$500	24 staff hours	\$30,390 from 22 donors	\$28,000 from 28 donors	Jan - Feb	8 Board members	Done
	Donor newsletter 1. Work on text, photos 2. Contact mail house and print shop (500 +)	Cultivation, \$0	\$1,000 22 staff hours	\$350 from 8 donors	N/A	March, September	MV	Done
	Appeal to 2010 event attendees that didn't give 1. Write letter, insert 2. Do mailing (75 +)	\$1,200	\$200 4 staff hours	\$1,500 from 20 people	\$800 from 10 people	July	MV	
	Fall Open House 1. Invite 50 new people	\$2,000	\$150 5 staff hours		\$2,300	Late September	MV volunteers	

	Fall appeal to current donors and new prospects that we identify for general support 1. Write letter, inserts 2. Do mailing (600+) 3. Make calls (200+)	\$16,000 from 160 donors	\$550 30 staff hours		\$14,716 from 143 people	Late Nov.	All staff and board	
	E-newsletter subscribers 1. Write e-appeal series 2. Change website	\$3,000	Minimal 8 staff hours		\$1,660 from 23 people	December		
Annual Gala \$70,000	Individual donors – 250 tickets 1. Host committee formed 2. Location secured 3. 10 table captains 4. Invites sent 5. Program set	\$25,000	\$18,000 50 staff hours	\$35,686 pledged from 150 people		April -June	Event Comm.	
	Funders, businesses, organizations – sponsorships 1. Sponsor packets 2. Ad book sales 3. In kind list and requests	\$40,000	30 staff hours	\$57,500 pledged from 40 groups, \$2,500 pledged in- kind		Jan-June	Event Comm.	
	NYC House party – pre-gala event	\$5,000	\$800 8 staff hours	\$6,500 from 50 people	\$6,768 from 52 people	March	NYC comm.	Done
Foundation Grants	Akonadi Foundation	\$25,000	6 staff hrs				НК	Still talking
\$175,000	Anschutz Family Foundation	\$50,000	\$500 travel 12 staff hrs			March	PH	Declined
	Babcock Foundation	\$100,000	8 staff hrs	\$10,000	\$200,000 two-year grant	Renewal February	PH	secured

Grassroots Institute for Fundraising Training



For your donor development calendar, think of how activities can build upon each outcome

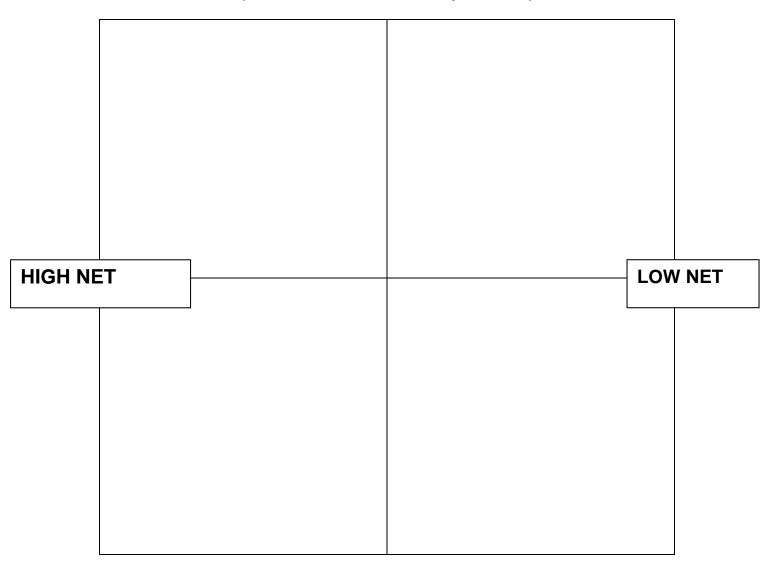
Your Calendar of Donor Development Activities

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
May	Jun	Jul	Aug
Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

Analyze Your Fundraising Vehicles

HIGH RESOURCES NEEDED

(Staff time, direct expenses)



LOW RESOURCES NEEDED

Typical vehicles: grant writing, phone campaign, award event, direct mail, house party, face to face meetings...

Putting It All Together

Being Flexible: Monitor, Evaluate, & Adapt

- Track each month's actual revenue to goals
 - o What adjustments are called for?
 - o What's working? What isn't?
- What new opportunities have appeared?
 - New programmatic initiatives
 - New funding sources available
- Laying the basis for next year's plan
 - Closing the loop and continuing the process

Recap and Review

- Establish Your Team
- Plan with the team
 - Assets Inventory & Mapping exercises
 - o Identify New Opportunities: Sustainability & Diversity
- Prioritize: Select strategies
- Set Realistic Goals
 - Long-term goals and sustainability
- Keep the Team Involved
- Use the Calendar- Fundraising & Communications
 - Assigning responsibilities & dates
 - o Integrate program calendar and plans
- Write the Plan
- Work the Plan

Fundraising Resources

.....

Online

Grassroots Fundraising Journal, Grassroots Institute for Fundraising Training www.grassrootsfundraising.org

Books

The Accidental Fundraiser by Stephanie Roth

Achieving Excellence in Fund Raising by Henry A. Rosso and Associates

Boards That Love Fundraising by Robert M. Zimmerman and Ann W. Lehman

The Complete Book of Model Fund-Raising Letters by Roland Kuniholm

The Complete Guide to Fundraising Management by Stanley Weinstein

The Complete Guide to Planned Giving by Debra Ashton

Fundraising for Non Profits by Burke Keegan

Fundraising for Social Change by Kim Klein

Planning and Implementing Your Major Gifts Campaign by Suzanne Irwin-Wells

Storytelling for Grantseekers by Cheryl Clarke

Preparing Your Capital Campaign by Marilyn Bancel

Planned Giving Simplified by Robert F. Sharpe, Sr.

Planning Special Events by James Armstrong

Reliable Fundraising in Unreliable Times by Kim Klein

Revolution in the Mailbox by Mal Warwick

Team-Based Fundraising Step by Step by Mim Carlson

The Ask by Laura Fredericks

The Foundation Center's Guide to Proposal Writing by Jane C. Geever and Patricia McNeill

Online Fundraising Guides, Samples, and Templates

TCA Toolkit: Fundraising and Development - http://www.arts.state.tx.us/toolkit/fundraising/

Supporting Advancement.Com – (sample documents)

http://www.supportingadvancement.com/revenue/samples/samples.htm

Supporting Advancement.Com – (sample job descriptions)

http://supportingadvancement.com/employment/job_descriptions/job_descriptions.htm

Norfolk Foundation Nonprofit Toolkit -

http://www.norfolkfoundation.org/nonprofits/resource kit.asp

Spanish language tool kit to teach fundraising

Comunidades del Futuro: Guía para Facilitadores

Organizations

Association of Fundraising Professionals – www.afpnet.org
CompassPoint Nonprofit Services – www.compasspoint.org
Grassroots Institute for Fundraising Training GIFT www.Grassrootsfundraising.org
Foundation Center – www.fdncenter.org

Periodicals & Websites

Alaska Funding Exchange – www.funding-exchange.org

Blue Avocado www.blueavocado.org

BoardnetUSA - http://www.boardnetusa.org/public/home.asp

The Chronicle of Philanthropy – http://philanthropy.com

The Grantsmanship Center – www.tgci.com

Grants.gov – www.grants.gov

Grassroots Fundraising Journal - www.grassrootsfundraising.org

Guidestar – www.guidestar.org

The NonProfit Times – www.nptimes.com

Notes